

# Evolution of the Global Weather Enterprise

**Alan Thorpe** 

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# GWE: producing weather information

Public sector: NMHSs

Markets & regulations

Private sector: companies

Private capital

Government funding

Academic sector: universities

Development agencies & banks



# Building a 2030 Vision

Initial state Earth system

Probability Scalability

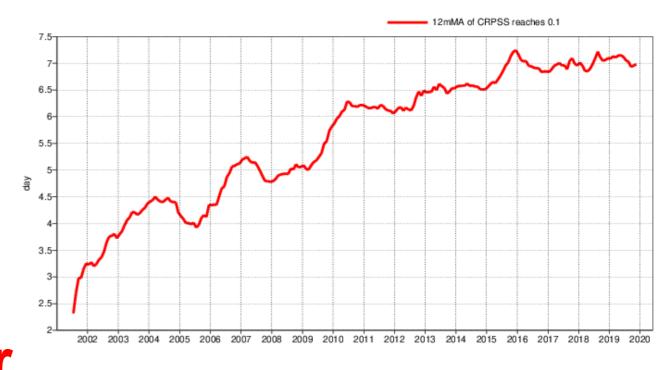
Bauer, Thorpe and Brunet, Nature, 2015



# **Delivering the Vision**

- By mobilising resources for global (and regional) NWP with high resolution, delivered to those who need it
- By satisfying the increasing need for more observations
- By noting: growth of private sector capabilities and NMHSs are under funding pressures

total precipitation
Continuous ranked probability skill score
Extratropics (lat-90 to -30.0 and 30.0 to 90, lon -180.0 to 180.0



Thorpe and Rogers, BAMS, 2018



1979 2019 ~ 0.02 million daily active reports ~ 50 million daily active reports ~ 14 data sources ~ 90 data sources SYNOP - land METAR Aircraft SYNOP - land MWR Buoys - drifting ALT IR Aircraft • Buoys Satellites ( SYNOP - ship SYNOP - ship 03 **GEO** Satellites

TEMP

PILOT

**GPSRO** 

TEMP

**AMV** 

PILOT

Profiler/RADAR wind

**GPS** 

Buoys - moored

SCAT

Dropsondes •

# Private sector capabilities

Observations: Design, manufacture and operation of instruments

Provision of data services

**Example:** constellation of commercial weather satellites

Computing: Design, manufacture and operation of computers

Provision of cloud computing services

Modelling: In-house Global and Regional weather models

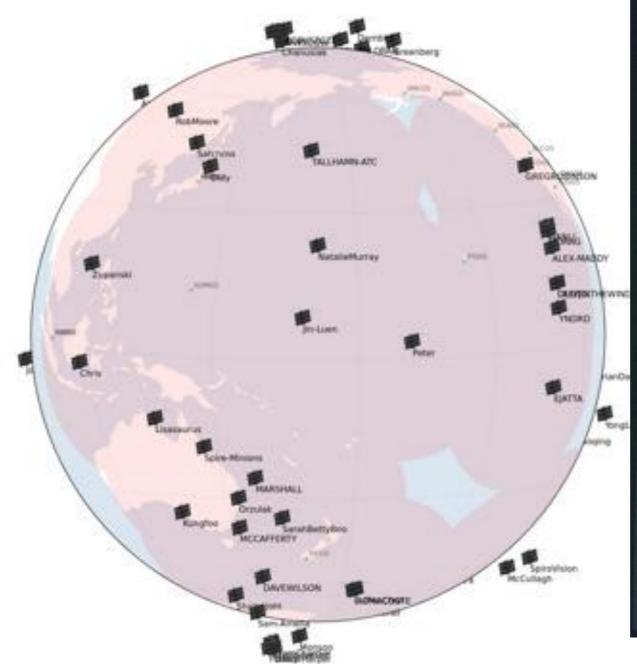
Development of data analytics and machine learning

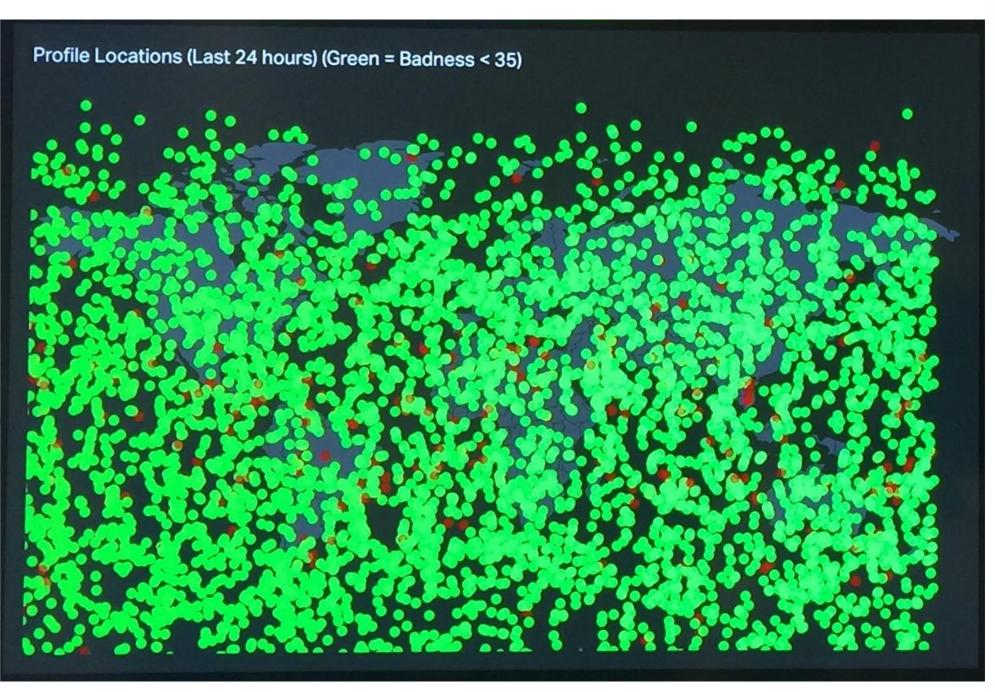
Operational Value-added weather (and impacts) information services

forecasting: Example: MeteoGroup











> 5000/day GPS-RO temperature profiles



# Forecasting services

# Global reach. Hyper local availability

MeteoGroup, trusted partner of hundreds of government agencies, thousands of companies, and millions of consumers.



## **Weather Forecasts**

For any location worldwide with hourly updates and up to 15 days ahead.

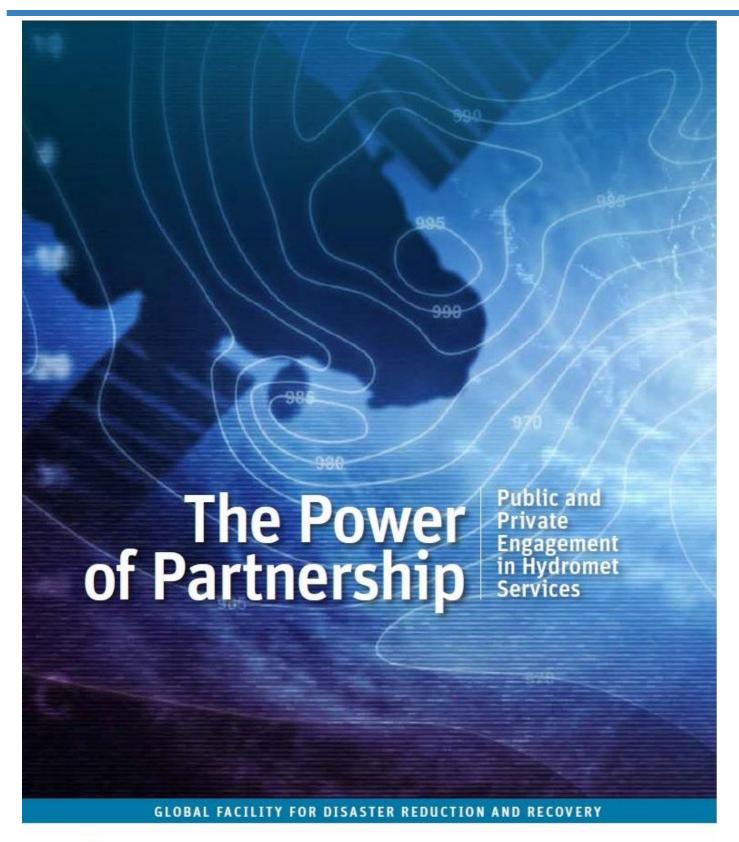


# So what's the problem?

- restricted data access and sharing
- insufficient quality assurance
- competition between the sectors
- overlapping roles and responsibilities
- fragile sustainability of weather, climate and water services



# Evidence base <a href="https://www.gfdrr.org/en/power-of-partnership">https://www.gfdrr.org/en/power-of-partnership</a>



Comparative country analyses for: UK, Germany, Israel, USA, Ghana, Myanmar, Japan, Indonesia

Eleven recommendations for improved PPE









# **Possible Answers**

National strategies to maximise the socio-economic benefits of the enterprise; national regulators

Dialogue leading to enhanced multi-sectoral cooperation and co-production

Business models benefitting all sectors

Maximise sharing of research, modelling, observations and weather predictions; all public data freely available



# International dialogue

Global Weather Enterprise Forum: an open dialogue between the *public, private and academic sectors* in the global weather enterprise and testing new ways to improve the delivery and sustainability of weather, climate and water services <a href="https://www.gweforum.org">www.gweforum.org</a>

Open Consultative Platform: a mechanism for engagement in WMO processes for all those who wish to contribute from all sectors ppe-openplatform.wmo.int



# Take home messages

# The future:

Ongoing science and technology innovations
Increased demand for weather and climate forecasts
Global weather enterprise growth

# Requires:

Increased dialogue and co-operation between the sectors Evolution and strengthening of the roles of public, private and academic sectors

